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圆柱 35Ah 钛酸锂动力电池规格书

SPECIFICATION of CYLINDRICAL 35Ah-LITHIUM TITANATE POWER CELL

(型号: YLE-LTO66160F/35Ah)

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目录

Contents

1. 适用范围 Scope	1
2. 概述 Description	1
2.1 命名规则 Naming Rules	1
2.2 电池构成 Cell Component	1
2.3 引用标准 Adopted Standard	2
3. 电池性能测试条件 Test Conditions of Cell Properties	2
3.1 标准测试条件 Standard Test Conditions	2
3.2 测量器具及设备 Measuring Instruments or Apparatus	2
4. 技术规格 Specification	3
4.1 单体电池基本参数 Cell Specification	3
4.2 单体电池电化学性能参数 Cell Electrochemical Performance	5
5. 单体电池可靠性测试 Cell Reliability Test	7
6. 电池操作注意事项及危险警告 Danger Warning and Caution in Handling the Cell	9
6.1 电池操作注意事项 Recommending Usage	9
6.2 危险警告 Hazard Warning	10
7. 保质期及产品责任 Period of Warranty and Product Liability	12
8. 贮存 Storage	12
9. 运输注意事项 Shipment Requirement	12
10. 其它化学反应 Other Chemical Reactions	12
11. 电池结构示意图 Scheme of the Cell Structure	13
12. 备注 Remark	13

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1. 适用范围 Scope

本规格书描述钛酸锂电池之基本参数、电化学特性、可靠性及其试验和判定标准、使用说明、安全规程、质量评定及包装、贮存和运输等，适用于银隆新能源股份有限公司制造的 LTO66160F/35Ah 钛酸锂电池。

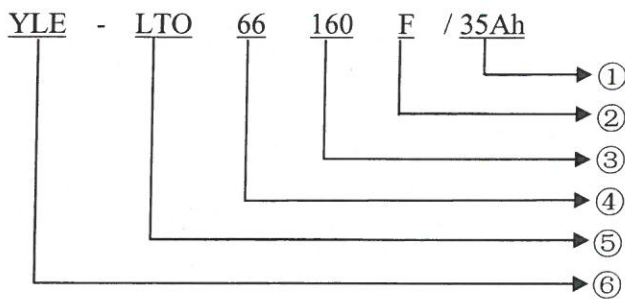
This specification describes the titanate lithium cell's basic parameters, electrochemical characteristics, reliability and its test method, decision criteria, instructions, safety procedures, quality evaluation, packaging, storage, and transportation, etc. The specification is applied to the LTO66160F/35Ah lithium ion cell manufactured by Yinlong Energy Co., Ltd.

2. 概述 Description

产品型号：YLE-LTO66160F/35Ah 钛酸锂动力电池。

Product model: YLE-LTO66160F/35Ah Lithium Titanate Power Cell.

2.1 命名规则 Naming Rules



①：代表电池容量。

Indicates the capacity of cell.

②：特殊编码（"A", "F"和"H"代表产品序列，电池能量密度依次升高）。

Special code ("A", "F" and "H" indicate product sequence, energy density of the cell is increased by degrees).

③：代表电池长度(mm)，用三位数字表示。

Indicates the overall length of cell (mm) in three digits.

④：代表电池直径(mm)。

Indicates the diameter of cell (mm).

⑤：代表电池特性，"LTO"代表钛酸锂。

Indicates the characteristics of cell, the letter "LTO" defines Lithium Titanate.

⑥：代表电池制造公司“银隆新能源股份有限公司”的缩写。

Indicates the abbreviation of cell manufactory "Yinlong Energy Co., Ltd. ".

2.2 电池构成 Cell Component

本电池为钛酸锂电池，由正极、负极（钛酸锂）、隔膜、电解液和铝制金属外壳等组成。

This cell is of cylindrical lithium titanate cell which is composed of negative and positive electrode, separator, electrolyte and metal case etc.

2.3 引用标准 Adopted Standard

GB/T 31486-2015 电动汽车用动力蓄电池电性能要求及试验方法

GB/T 31486-2015 Electrical performance requirements and test methods for traction cell of electric vehicle

GB/T 31485-2015 电动汽车用动力蓄电池安全要求及试验方法

GB/T 31485-2015 Safety requirements and test methods for traction cell of electric vehicle

GB/T 31484-2015 电动汽车用动力蓄电池循环寿命要求及试验方法

GB/T 31484-2015 Cycle life requirements and test methods for traction cell of electric vehicle

3. 电池性能测试条件 Test Conditions of Cell Properties

3.1 标准测试条件 Standard Test Conditions

3.1.1 标准测试环境 Standard Test Environment

测试样品要求：出厂时间 ≤ 7 天，充放电次数 ≤ 5 次。

Test should be conducted with new cells within one week after shipment from our factory and which is not cycled more than five times before the test.

除非有其他特殊说明，本规格书中所有测试都在以下环境条件进行：

Unless otherwise specified, all tests stated in this Product Specification are conducted at below condition:

温度： 25 ± 5 °C；

Temperature: 25 ± 5 °C；

相对湿度：15%~90%；

Humidity: 15%~90%；

大气压力：86kPa~106kPa；

Atmospheric pressure: 86kPa~106kPa.

海拔： ≤ 4000 m。

Height above sea level: ≤ 4000 m.

本规格书所提到的室温是指 $25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ 。

The room temperature mentioned in this product specification is $25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$.

3.1.2 标准充电方式 Standard Charge Method

在标准环境条件下，以 $1I_1(35\text{A})$ 电流恒流充电至充电截止电压，停止充电。

Under standard test environment, a cell is charged to the standard charge cut-off voltage at a constant current of $1I_1(35\text{A})$, then stopped charging.

3.1.3 标准放电方式 Standard Discharge Method

在标准环境条件下，以 $1I_1(35\text{A})$ 电流恒流放电至放电截止电压，停止放电。

Under standard test environment, a cell is discharged to the standard discharge cut-off voltage at a constant current of $1I_1(35\text{A})$, then stopped discharging.

3.2 测量器具及设备 Measuring Instruments or Apparatus

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3.2.1 尺寸测量设备 Dimension Measuring Instrument

测量尺寸的仪器精度应不小于 0.01mm。

Dimension measurement shall be implemented by instruments which accuracy should not be less than 0.01 mm.

3.2.2 电压表 Voltmeter

国家标准或更灵敏等级，内阻不小于 10 KΩ/V。

Standard class specified in the national standard or more sensitive class having inner impedance not less than 10 KΩ/V.

3.2.3 电流表 Ammeter

国家标准或更灵敏等级，外部总内阻包括电流表和导线应小于 0.01Ω。

Standard class specified in the national standard or more sensitive class. Total external resistance including ammeter and wire is less than 0.01Ω.

3.2.4 内阻测试仪 Impedance Meter

内阻测试仪测试方法为交流阻抗法(AC 1KHz LCR)。

Impedance shall be measured by a sinusoidal alternating current method (AC 1KHz LCR meter).

4. 技术规格 Specification

4.1 单体电池基本参数 Cell Specification

序号 No.	项目 Item	参数 Parameters	备注 Remark
1	外观 Appearance	符合外观检验标准 Accord with appearance inspection standard	电池外观应无划伤、破裂、污渍、生锈漏液等影响市场价值的缺陷。 There should be no such defects as flaw, crack, rust, leakage, which may depreciate the commercial value of cell.
2	额定容量 Rated Capacity	≥35Ah	电池按 3.1.2 规定充电后，搁置 10 分钟，再按 3.1.3 规定放电所放出的容量。 A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, rest 10 minutes, and then discharged in accordance with 3.1.2, the discharge capacity is defined to be rated capacity.
3	标称电压 Nominal Voltage	2.3V	
4	内阻 Internal Impedance	≤1.0mΩ	50%荷电状态下用交流法测量内阻 Internal resistance measured at AC 1KHz after 50% charged.

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5	标准充电截止电压 Standard Charge Cut-off Voltage	2.9V	
6	标准放电截止电压 Standard Discharge Cut-off Voltage	1.5V	
7	最大持续充电电流 Maximum Continuous Charge Current	$6I_1(210A)$	$25^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$
8	最大持续放电电流 Maximum Continuous Discharge Current	$6I_1(210A)$	$25^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$
9	最大脉冲充/放电电流 (10s) Maximum Pulse Charge/Discharge Current (10s)	$10I_1(350A)$	$25^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$
10	工作温度范围 Operating Temperature Range	温度: $-40 \sim 65^{\circ}C$ 相对湿度: $\leq 85\%$ Temperature: $-40 \sim 65^{\circ}C$ Humidity: $\leq 85\%RH$	当电池温度低于 $0^{\circ}C$ 时, 建议充/放电电流 $\leq 1 I_1 (35A)$ Recommended charge/discharge current $\leq 1 I_1 (35A)$, when cell temperature is lower than $0^{\circ}C$
11	储存温度范围 Storage Temperature Range	$-5^{\circ}C \sim 35^{\circ}C$	推荐 Recommend ($25 \pm 5^{\circ}C$); $\leq 90\%RH$ 储存湿度范围。 $\leq 90\%RH$ storage moisture range.
12	尺寸 Dimension	直径: $66.0 \pm 1.0mm$ 高度: $161.0 \pm 1.0mm$ Diameter: $66.0 \pm 1.0mm$ Height: $161.0 \pm 1.0mm$	电池详细尺寸, 请参看本规格书“11.电池结构示意图”。 The detailed dimension can be found in "11.Scheme of the cell structure" of this specification.
13	重量 Weight	约 About $1220.0g$	

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4.2 单体电池电化学性能参数 Cell Electrochemical Performance

序号 No.	项目 Item	测试方法 Test Method	标准 Criteria
1	循环寿命 Cycle Life	<p>在标准测试环境下, 电池按 3.1.2 规定充电, 搁置 10 分钟, 而后按 3.1.3 规定放电, 搁置 10 分钟, 再进行下一个充放电循环, 连续进行充放电循环 25000 次。</p> <p>Under standard test environment, a cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, rest 10 minutes, and then discharged in accordance with 3.1.2, rest 10 minutes prior to next charge-discharge cycle. The cell shall be continuously charged and discharged for 25000 times.</p>	<p>25000 次循环后, 放电容量 $\geq 80\%$ * 额定容量</p> <p>Discharge Capacity $\geq 80\%$ * rated capacity after 25000 cycles</p>
2	倍率充电性能 Rate Charge Performance	<p>在标准测试环境下, 电池按 3.1.3 规定放电, 搁置 10 分钟, 而后以 $6 I_1$ (210A) 电流充电至标准充电截止电压, 计算充电容量 (Ah) 与额定容量的比值 (%)。</p> <p>Under standard test environment, a cell is discharged in accordance with 3.1.3, rest 10 minutes, and then charged to standard cut-off voltage at a constant current of $6 I_1$ (210A). Calculate the ratio of charge capacity (%).</p>	<p>$6 I_1$ (210A) 充电容量 $\geq 90\%$ * 额定容量</p> <p>Charge capacity $\geq 90\%$ * rated capacity with $6 I_1$ (210A)</p>
3	倍率放电性能 Rate Discharge Performance	<p>在标准测试环境下, 电池按 3.1.2 规定充电, 搁置 10 分钟, 而后以 $6 I_1$ (210A) 电流放电至标准放电截止电压, 计算放电容量 (Ah) 与额定容量的比值 (%)。</p> <p>Under standard test environment, a cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, rest 10 minutes, and then discharged to standard cut-off voltage at a constant current of $6 I_1$ (210A). Calculate the ratio of discharge capacity (%).</p>	<p>$6 I_1$ (210A) 放电容量 $\geq 90\%$ * 额定容量</p> <p>Discharge capacity $\geq 90\%$ * rated capacity with $6 I_1$ (210A)</p>
4	高温 (65℃) 放电容量 Discharge Capacity at 65℃	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后, 将电池放入 $65 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 恒温环境中搁置 $24 \pm 0.2\text{h}$, 然后按 3.1.3 规定放电, 计算放电容量 (Ah) 与额定容量的比值 (%)。</p> <p>A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, and stored in an ambient temperature of $65 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ for $24 \pm 0.2\text{h}$, and then discharged in accordance with 3.1.2. Calculate the ratio of discharge capacity (%).</p>	<p>65℃ 放电容量 $\geq 100\%$ * 额定容量</p> <p>Discharge capacity $\geq 100\%$ * rated capacity at 65℃</p>

5	<p>低温充电性能 Low Temperature Charge Performance</p>	<p>电池按 3.1.3 规定放电结束后, 将电池放入$-20 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ /$-40 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$恒温环境中搁置 $24 \pm 0.2\text{h}$, 然后以 $1I_3$ (11.7A) 电流充电至标准充电截止电压, 计算充电容量 (Ah) 与额定容量的比值(%). A cell is discharged in accordance with 3.1.3, and stored in an ambient temperature of $-20 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ /$-40 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ for $24 \pm 0.2\text{h}$, and then charged to standard charge cut-off voltage at a constant current of $1I_3$ (11.7A). Calculate the ratio of charge capacity (%).</p>	<p>-20°C 充电容量 $\geq 85\%$ * 额定容量 Charge capacity $\geq 85\%$ * rated capacity at -20°C</p> <hr/> <p>-40°C 充电容量 $\geq 60\%$ * 额定容量 Charge capacity $\geq 60\%$ * rated capacity at -40°C</p>
6	<p>低温放电性能 Low Temperature Discharge Performance</p>	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后, 将电池放入$-20 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ /$-40 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$恒温环境中搁置 $24 \pm 0.2\text{h}$, 然后以 $1I_3$ (11.7A) 电流放电至标准放电截止电压, 计算放电容量 (Ah) 与额定容量的比值(%). A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, and stored in an ambient temperature of $-20 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ /$-40 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ for $24 \pm 0.2\text{h}$, and then discharged to standard discharge cut-off voltage at a constant current of $1I_3$ (11.7A). Calculate the ratio of discharge capacity (%).</p>	<p>-20°C 放电容量 $\geq 70\%$ * 额定容量 Discharge capacity $\geq 70\%$ * rated capacity at -20°C</p> <hr/> <p>-40°C 放电容量 $\geq 55\%$ * 额定容量 Discharge capacity $\geq 55\%$ * rated capacity at -40°C</p>
7	<p>常温荷电保持与容量恢复能力 Retention Capability and Capacity recovery at Room Temperature</p>	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后, 将电池在室温环境中搁置 28 天, 然后按 3.1.3 规定放电, 计算放电容量 (Ah) 与额定容量的比值(%). 再按 3.1.2 规定充电, 搁置 10 分钟, 按 3.1.3 规定放电, 计算放电容量 (Ah) 与额定容量的比值(%). A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, stored in an ambient temperature of $25 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 28 days, then discharged in accordance with 3.1.3. Calculate the ratio of discharge capacity (%). Charged in accordance with 3.1.2, rest 10 minutes, discharged in accordance with 3.1.3. Calculate the ratio of discharge capacity (%).</p>	<p>常温剩余容量 $\geq 85\%$ * 额定容量, 恢复容量 $\geq 95\%$ * 额定容量 The residual capacity is not less than 85% of the rated capacity, and the recoverable capacity is not less than 95% of the rated capacity at room temperature</p>

8	<p>55℃荷电保持与容量恢复能力 Retention Capability and Capacity Recovery at 55℃</p>	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后，将电池在 55±2℃环境下储存 7 天，然后按 3.1.3 放电，计算放电容量 (Ah) 与额定容量的比值(%). 再按照 3.1.2 规定充电，搁置 10 分钟，按 3.1.3 放电，计算放电容量 (Ah) 与额定容量的比值(%). A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, and stored in an ambient temperature of 55 ±2℃for 7 days, then discharged to standard discharge cut-off voltage at a constant current of 1 I₁(35A). Calculate the ratio of discharge capacity (%). charged in accordance with 3.1.2, rest 10 minutes, a discharged in accordance with 3.1.2. Calculate the ratio of discharge capacity (%).</p>	<p>55℃剩余容量≥85%*额定容量，恢复容量≥95%*额定容量 The residual capacity is not less than 90% of the rated capacity, and the recoverable capacity is not less than 95% of the rated capacity at 55℃</p>
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备注：测试项目 7 和 8 可任选其一。
Remark: Either 7th or 8th test item could be chosen.

5. 单体电池可靠性测试 Cell Reliability Test

序号 No.	项目 Items	测试方法及条件 Test Method and Conditions	标准 Criteria
1	过放电 Over Discharge	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后，对电池以 1 I₁(35A) 电流放电 90min，观察 1h。 A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, then discharged at a constant current of 1 I₁(35A) for 90 minutes, observed for 1h.</p>	<p>不爆炸、不起火、不漏液 No explosion, No fire, No leakage</p>
2	过充电 Over Charge	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后，对电池以 1 I₁(35A) 恒流充电，至电压达到 4.35V 或充电时间达到 1h，观察 1h。 A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, then charged to 4.35V or charge time is over 1h at a constant current of 1I₁(35A), observed for 1h.</p>	<p>不爆炸、不起火 No explosion, No fire</p>
3	短路 Short Circuit	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后，将电池正、负极经外部短路 10min，外部线路电阻应小于 5mΩ，观察 1h。 A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, then short-circuited by connecting the positive and negative terminals for 10 min with a external line having a maximum resistance of 5mΩ, then observed for 1h.</p>	<p>不爆炸、不起火 No explosion, No fire</p>

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4	<p>跌落 Dropping</p>	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后, 从 1.5 米高度自由跌落至水泥地面上, 观察 1h。 A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, then dropped from a height of 1.5 meters onto the concrete-based ground, observed for 1h.</p>	<p>不爆炸、不起火、不漏液 No explosion, No fire, No leakage</p>
5	<p>加热 Heating</p>	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后, 在温度箱中按照 5°C/min 的速率由室温升至 130±2°C, 并保持 30min 后停止加热, 观察 1h。 A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, stored in a temperature box for 30min at the temperature of 130±2°C with a heating rate of 5°C/min, stopped heating, then observed for 1h.</p>	<p>不爆炸、不起火 No explosion, No fire</p>
6	<p>挤压 Crush</p>	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后, 挤压板 (半径 75mm、长度大于被挤压电池的尺寸的半圆柱体) 以 (5±1) mm/s 的速度垂直于电池极板方向施压, 直至电池电压变为 0V 或变形量达到 30%或挤压力达到 200kN 后停止挤压, 观察 1h。 A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, crushed by a plate (a half cylinder with the radius of 75mm and length is longer than the cell's) in the vertical direction at a rate of (5±1)mm/s until the voltage drops to 0V or the cell's deformation rate increases to 30% or the pressure increases to 200kN, and then observed for 1h.</p>	<p>不爆炸、不起火 No explosion, No fire</p>
7	<p>针刺 Puncture Test</p>	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后, 用 1 个直径 5mm~8mm 的钢针以 (25±5) mm/s 的速度从垂直于电池极板的方向贯穿电池(靠近所刺面的几何中心), 并把钢针停留在电池内, 观察 1h。 A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, punctured through (near the geometric center of the surface) by a nail which diameter of 3mm at a rate of 25±5 mm/s, the nail stay within the cell., and then observed for 1h.</p>	<p>不爆炸、不起火 No explosion, No fire</p>
8	<p>海水浸泡 Seawater Immersion</p>	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后, 将电池完全浸入 3.5%NaCl 溶液中 2h。 A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, completely soaked into the 3.5% NaCl solution for 2h.</p>	<p>不爆炸、不起火 No explosion, No fire</p>

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9	低气压 Low Pressure	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后，在室温下将电池放入气压为 11.6KPa 的低气压箱中，静置 6h 后，观察 1h。</p> <p>A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, stored in a case with the low pressure of 11.6KPa at room temperature for 6 hours, then observed for 1h.</p>	<p>不爆炸、不起火、不漏液</p> <p>No explosion, No fire, No leakage</p>																																
10	温度循环 Temperature Cycling	<p>电池按 3.1.2 规定充电结束后，放入温度箱中，温度按照下表进行调节，循环 5 次后，观察 1h。</p> <p>A cell is charged in accordance with 3.1.2, stored in a temperature box, regulating temperature as the following table, observed for 1 h after cycling 5 times.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="518 750 1197 1176"> <thead> <tr> <th>温度(°C) Temperature</th> <th>时间增量 (min) Incremental Time</th> <th>累计时间 (min) Total Time</th> <th>温度变化率 (°C/min) Temperature Rate</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>25</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-40</td> <td>60</td> <td>60</td> <td>13/12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-40</td> <td>90</td> <td>150</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>25</td> <td>60</td> <td>210</td> <td>13/12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>85</td> <td>90</td> <td>300</td> <td>2/3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>85</td> <td>110</td> <td>410</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>25</td> <td>70</td> <td>480</td> <td>6/7</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	温度(°C) Temperature	时间增量 (min) Incremental Time	累计时间 (min) Total Time	温度变化率 (°C/min) Temperature Rate	25	0	0	0	-40	60	60	13/12	-40	90	150	0	25	60	210	13/12	85	90	300	2/3	85	110	410	0	25	70	480	6/7	<p>不爆炸、不起火、不漏液</p> <p>No explosion, No fire, No leakage</p>
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6. 电池操作注意事项及危险警告 Danger Warning and Caution in Handling the Cell

6.1 电池操作注意事项 Recommending Usage

6.1.1 电池的连接。

(1) 使用前应确认极柱螺纹及极柱凸台表面光滑平整，表面有污物或凸起会导致接触不良、功能失效。

(1) Make sure the surface of polar thread and polar column is smooth before using. Poor contact and functional failure will happened if dirty or bump on the surface.

(2) 电池在 1C 放电时，连接条与极柱之间的压降 < 3mV，可保障不因连接电阻过大导致的异常发热和压差过大。

(2) Confirm the voltage drop between the connecting strip and the pole is < 3mV when the battery is discharging at 1C, which can ensure that the abnormal heating and pressure difference caused by the large connection resistance.

(3) 采用专用扳手等工具进行连接操作，扭矩 ≤ 7N · m

(3) Use special wrench and other tools for connection operation and the torque is ≤ 7N · m.

(4) 电池与电池之间的连接应注意正负极柱凸台的高度差为 1.5mm，连接排的设计应避免极柱之间受到拉力或挤压，力过大，会使极柱变形或拧断。

(4) Notice the altitude difference between the positive and negative pole boss is 1.5mm when connect the

battery, the design of the connection row should avoid larger tension or extrusion between the pole, which may make the pole column deformation or twist.

(5) 不允许拉伸或挤压电池。

(5) Do not stretch or squeeze the battery.

6.1.2 使用电池前, 请仔细阅读使用说明书和电池表面标识。

Please read the cell instructions and the label on its surface before use.

6.1.3 在使用过程中, 应远离热源、高压, 避免儿童玩弄电池, 切勿摔打电池。

When in use, the cell shall be kept out of heat, high voltage and avoided children's touching. Do not drop the cell.

6.1.4 应使用制造商认可的充电器和充电程序, 不恰当的充电方式会导致电池发热或损坏。

Use only approved chargers and procedures, improperly charging a cell may cause to flame or damage.

6.1.5 切勿将电池正负极短路, 切勿自己拆装电池, 也勿让电池放在受潮处, 以免发生危险。

Do not touch contacts together. Do not demolish or assemble the cell by yourself. Do not put the cell in the damp place.

6.1.6 长期不用时, 请将电池储存完好, 应让电池保持半荷电状态。请用不导电材料包裹电池, 以避免金属直

接接触电池, 造成电池损坏, 将电池保存在阴凉干燥处。

When the cell was stored for a long period, put it well in its half capacity. Do not wrap it with conduct material to avoid the damage caused by the direct contact between the metal and cell. Keep the cell in day places.

6.1.7 废弃电池请安全妥当处理, 不要投入火中或水中。

Safely disposed the disused cell. Do not put it into fire or water.

6.2 危险警告 Hazard Warning

6.2.1 禁止拆解电池 Forbid Disassemble Batteries

自行拆解会造成电池发热、冒烟、变形或燃烧。

Disassemble the battery will cause the battery heat, smoke, deformation or burn.

6.2.2 禁止让电池短路 Forbid Short-circuit Batteries

不要将电池的正负极用金属连接, 也不要将电池与金属片放在一起存储和移动。如果电池被短路, 将会有超大电流流过, 将会损坏电池, 造成电池发热、冒烟、变形或燃烧。

Do not connect the cell's positive and negative with metal. Do not put the cell with metal together either storage or movement. If the cell is short circuit, there will be a large current flows through the cell, will cause the battery heat, smoke, deformation or burn and damage the cell.

6.2.3 严禁加热和焚烧电池 Forbid Heat and Burn the Cell

加热和焚烧电池将会造成电池隔离物的熔化、安全功能丧失或电解质燃烧, 过热就会使电池发热、冒烟、变形或燃烧。

If heating or burning the cell, it will caused the isolated element in the cell dissolved, protection function stopped or the electrode burning, over heated, which will make the cell heat, smoke, distort or burning.

受控

6.2.4 避免在热源附近使用电池 To Avoid Use the Cell near the Heat

不要在火源、烤炉附近或超过 80℃ 的环境中使用电池，过热将会导致电池内部短路，使电池发热、冒烟、变形或燃烧。

Do not use the cell near the fire, stove, or the environment temperature is over 80℃, and overheating will cause the cell internal short-circuit and make it heat, smoke, distort or burning.

6.2.5 禁止弄湿电池 Forbid Bathing the Cell

不要弄湿电池，更不能将电池投入水中，否则会造成电池内部保护电路和功能丧失及发生不正常的化学反应，电池有可能发热、冒烟、变形或燃烧。

Do not dampen the cell, or even immerse it in the water, which will cause internal protection circuit and its function lost or abnormal chemical reactions, which will lead to heating, smoking, distortion or burning.

6.2.6 使用非专用充电器给电池充电，会发生危险 Danger in Using Non-indicated Chargers to Charge the Cell

不要使用高于本规格书规定的最大电流或电压充电。严禁反充电池（正负极接反）。在非正常的条件下充电会造成电池内部保护电路功能丧失和发生不正常的化学反应，电池有可能发热、冒烟、变形或燃烧。

Do not charge the cell with a current or voltage higher than the specified maximum value in this specification. Prohibit reverse charging of the cell. Charging in abnormal condition, will cause internal protection circuit and its function lost or abnormal chemical reactions, which will lead to heating, smoking, distortion or burning.

6.2.7 禁止破坏电池 Forbid Damage Cell

禁止锤打或其他方法破坏电池，包括正负极盖板、正负极柱和壳体。否则会造成电池发热、冒烟、变形或燃烧，甚至会发生危险。

Do not allow forge or other ways to damage the cell, Which include the positive and negative cover plate, the positive and negative pole and the shell. Otherwise, it will cause overheating, distort, smoke or burning, even in danger.

6.2.8 禁止在电池主体上直接焊接 Forbid directly welding on the Cell

过热将会造成电池隔离物的熔化、安全保护功能丧失，使电池发热、冒烟、变形或燃烧。

Over-heated will cause the isolated element dissolved in the cell and losing protective function, even will cause overheating, distort, smoke or burning.

6.2.9 不要直接接触及漏液电池 Do not Touch the Leak-out Cell

渗漏的电解液会造成皮肤不适，万一电解液进入眼睛，尽快用清水冲洗，不可揉眼，并迅速送医院处理。

The leak-out electrolyte will cause the skin uncomfortable. If it drops into eyes, do not rob the eyes but wash in time, and go to hospital for treatment immediately.

6.2.10 不要混用电池 Do not Mixed-using Cells

不要将不同型号的电池混合一起，避免将新的和旧的或不同型号、不同规格、不同化学成分的手机配对使用。

Avoid of old and new or different types, different specifications and different chemical composition of the cells matching use.

6.2.11 其它注意事项 Other Warnings

不要将电池放入微波炉、洗衣机或者烘干机里；不要使用已经损坏的电池。

Do not put the cell into microwave, washing machine or drying machine. Do not use a damaged cell.

6.2.12 其它 Others

如不按以上规定操作导致发生意外，本公司不承担相应责任。

YLE shall make no liability for problems that occur when the above specifications are not followed.

7. 保质期及产品责任 Period of Warranty and Product Liability

电池的保质期：从出厂日期（喷码）开始起 180 天。如果有证据表明电池的缺陷是在制造过程中形成的，而不是由于用户滥用及错误使用造成的，本公司负责退换电池，否则本公司不承诺免费更换。

Warranty period of this product is 180 days from manufacturing code. We guarantee to give a replacement in case of cells with defects proven due to the manufacturing process instead of abuse and misuse by the customers, otherwise, YLE are not promised free replacement.

8. 贮存 Storage

电池应贮存在温度为 $-5^{\circ}\text{C}\sim 35^{\circ}\text{C}$ ，相对湿度 $\leq 90\%$ 的清洁、干燥、通风的环境中，应避免与腐蚀性物质接触，远离火源及热源。并且应使电池处于 50%~60%的荷电状态。如长时间贮存，建议每半年充电一次以防止电池过放电。

The cell shall be stored in the clean and dry ventilation room at the temperature of $-5^{\circ}\text{C}\sim 35^{\circ}\text{C}$ and shall be kept out of fire or heat and avoid touching corrosion elements. The cell should be stored with 50%~60% charged condition. We recommend that cells should be charged about once per half a year to prevent over-discharge.

9. 运输注意事项 Shipment Requirement

电池应在荷电 50%~60%状态下包装成箱进行运输，在运输过程中应防止剧烈振动、冲击或挤压，防止日晒雨淋，应适用汽车、火车、轮船、飞机等普通运输工具。

The cell should be packed in cartons under the condition of 50%~60% charged for shipment. The violent vibration, impaction or squeezing should be avoided in the transport process; Avoid to be exposed to the sun and rain. The cells shall be shipped by normal transportation such as by road, by train, by ocean or by air.

10. 其它化学反应 Other Chemical Reactions

电池利用的是化学反应的原理，即使存放很长一段时间不使用，电池的性能也会随时间的增加而降低。如果使用条件如充电、放电及周围环境温度等情形不在指定的使用范围内，会缩短电池的使用寿命，或者会产生漏液导致设备损坏。如果电池长时间不能充电，即使充电方法正确，也需要更换电池了。

Because batteries utilize chemical reaction, cell performance will deteriorate over time even if stored for a long period of time without being used. In addition, if the various usage conditions such as charge, discharge, ambient temperature, etc. are not maintained within the specified ranges the life expectancy of the cell may be shortened or the device in which the cell used may be damaged by electrolyte leakage. If the batteries cannot maintain a charge for long periods of time, even they are charged correctly, this may indicate it is time to change the cell.